

BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES

FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022





BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Table of contents

ntroduction	3
Key Metrics for The Group (KM1)	5
Overview of Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs) (OV1)	7
Composition of regulatory capital (CC1)	10
Reconciliation of regulatory capital to balance sheet (CC2)	13
Geographical distribution of credit exposures used in the countercyclical capital buffer (CCyB1)	15
Summary comparison of accounting assets versus leverage ratio exposure (LR1)	16
Leverage ratio common disclosure template (LR2)	17
Credit quality of assets – (CR1)	19
Changes in stock of defaulted loans and debt securities – (CR2)	21
Credit risk mitigation techniques – overview (CR3)	22
Credit risk exposure and Credit Risk Mitigation (CRM) effects (CR4)	23
Exposures by asset classes and risk weights - (CR5)	25
Analysis of counterparty credit risk (CCR) exposure (CCR1)	27
Credit valuation adjustment (CVA) capital charge – (CCR2)	29
CCR exposures by regulatory portfolio and risk weights – (CCR3)	30
Composition of collateral for CCR exposure – (CCR5)	32
Credit derivative exposures – (CCR6)	33
Exposures to central counterparties – (CCR8)	34
Market risk under the Standardised approach – (MR1)	35
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) (LIQ1)	36
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) (LIQ2)	37
Appendix A	41
Acronyms	45
Glossary	16



EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC
BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES
30 JUNE 2022

Introduction

The Central Bank of the UAE (CBUAE) supervises Emirates NBD P.J.S.C. (the Bank) and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") on a consolidated basis, and therefore receives information on the capital adequacy of, and sets capital requirements for, the Group as a whole. The capital requirements are computed at a Group level using the Basel III framework of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (Basel Committee), after applying the amendments advised by the CBUAE, within national discretion. The Basel framework is structured around three 'pillars', Pillar 1 minimum capital requirements, Pillar 2 supervisory review process and Pillar 3 market discipline.

Pillar 3 disclosures

Pillar 3 complements the minimum capital requirements and the supervisory review process. Its aim is to encourage market discipline by developing disclosure requirements which allow market participants to assess specified information on the scope of application of Basel III, capital, particular risk exposures and risk assessment processes, and hence the capital adequacy of the institution. Disclosures consist of both qualitative and quantitative information and are provided at the consolidated level.

The CBUAE issued Basel III capital regulations, which came into effect from 1 February 2017 introducing minimum capital requirements at three levels, namely Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1), Additional Tier 1 (AT1) and Total Capital. Additional capital buffers (Capital Conservation Buffer and Countercyclical Capital Buffer - maximum up to 2.5% for each buffer) introduced are over and above the minimum CET1 requirement of 7%.

In November 2020, CBUAE issued revised standards and guidelines for Capital Adequacy in UAE. The new version to the Standards includes additional Guidance on the topics of Credit Risk, Market Risk, and Operational Risk.

Following are the changes in the revised standards which have been adopted either prior to or as at 30 June 2022:

- The Tier Capital Supply Standard
- Tier Capital Instruments Standard
- Pillar 2 Standard: Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP)
- Credit Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk
- Equity Investment in Funds, Securitisation, Counterparty Credit Risk, Leverage Ratio
- Credit Value Adjustment (CVA) for Pillar 1 and 3 (effective from 30 June 2022).

CBUAE requires the Pillar 2 - Supervisory Review Process to focus on each bank's Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) in addition to Pillar 1 Capital calculations. The ICAAP should include a risk based forward looking view of, but not limited to, Credit, Market and Operational Risk Capital.

The purpose of Pillar 3 - Market Discipline is to complement the minimum capital requirements (Pillar 1) and the supervisory review process (Pillar 2). The CBUAE supports the enhanced market discipline by developing a set of disclosure requirements which will allow market participants to assess key information on the scope of application, capital, risk exposure, risk assessment process and hence the capital adequacy of the Group. The revised Pillar 3 disclosures, based on a common framework, are an effective means of informing the market about the risks faced by the Group, and provide a consistent and understandable disclosure framework that enhances transparency and improves comparability and consistency.

The Group's Pillar 3 dislosures for the six months period ended 30 June 2022 comprise limited qualitative and quantitative disclosures in line with CBUAE Pillar 3 guidance.



BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Verification

The Pillar 3 Disclosures for the half year ended 30 June 2022 have been reviewed by the Group's internal auditors.

Implementation of Basel III standards and guidelines

The Group is compliant with Standardised Approach for Credit, Market and Operational Risk (Pillar 1) as applicable as of 30 June 2022.

The Group also assigns capital on other than Pillar 1 risk categories which are part of the Pillar 2 framework.

Group Structure

The Bank was incorporated in the United Arab Emirates on 16 July 2007 consequent to the merger between Emirates Bank International PJSC (EBI) and National Bank of Dubai PJSC (NBD), under the Commercial Companies Law (Federal Law Number 8 of 1984 as amended) as a Public Joint Stock Company (PJSC).

The Bank is listed on the Dubai Financial Market (TICKER: "EMIRATESNBD"). The Group's principal business activities are corporate and institutional banking, retail banking, treasury and Islamic banking. The Bank's website is www.emiratesnbd.com.

For details of Group's subsidiaries refer to Pillar 3 disclosures for year ended 31 December 2021 available on the Bank's website.







Key prudential regulatory metrics have been included in the following table:

Acad			30 June	31 March	31 December
Available capital (amounts) 3 1 Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) 71,681,260 68,505,436 67,463,976 1 Fully loaded ECL accounting model 1 69,650,413 66,682,594 64,994,509 2 Tier 1 80,809,912 77,634,089 76,592,628 2 Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 78,779,065 75,811,247 74,123,161 3 Total capital 86,113,160 82,677,555 81,504,429 3 Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital 86,113,160 82,677,555 81,504,429 3 Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital 84,082,313 80,854,713 79,034,962 Risk-weighted assets (RWA) 479,210,815 457,949,275 446,381,860 Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA 5 Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (%) 14,96% 14,96% 15,11% 5 Fully loaded ECL accounting model CET1 (%) 14,53% 14,56% 16,96% 17,16% 6 Tier 1 ratio (%) 16,44% 16,55% 16,687% 17,16% 6 Tier 1 ratio (%) 16,44% 16,55% 16,687% 17,97% 18,05% 17,66% 17,71% Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA Capital conservation buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA Capital conservation buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + 4,00% 1,50% 1,			2022	2022	2021
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1)			AED 000	AED 000	AED 000
Fully loaded ECL accounting model		Available capital (amounts) ³			
2 Tier 1 80,809,912 77,634,089 76,592,628 2a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital 86,113,160 82,677,555 74,123,161 3a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital 84,082,313 80,854,713 79,034,962 Risk-weighted assets (amounts)³ 479,210,815 457,949,275 446,381,860 Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (%) 14,96% 14,96% 15,11% 5 Fully loaded ECL accounting model CET1 (%) 14,53% 14,56% 15,55% 15,11% 6a Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%) 16,86% 19,95% 17,16% 6a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) 17,97% 18,05% 18,26% 7a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) 17,97% 18,05% 17,71% Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA 17,97% 18,05% 17,71% 7a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) 17,55% 17,66% 17,71% Additional CET1 buffer requirements (2,5% from 2019) (%)² 2,50% 2,50% 2,50% 2,50% 2,50%	1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	71,681,260	68,505,436	67,463,976
2a Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 78,779,085 75,811,247 74,123,161 3 Total capital 86,113,160 82,677,555 81,504,429 a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital Risk-weighted assets (RWA) 84,082,313 80,854,713 79,034,962 4 Total risk-weighted assets (RWA) 479,210,815 457,949,275 446,381,860 5 Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (%) 14,96% 15,11% 5a Fully loaded ECL accounting model CET1 (%) 14,53% 14,56% 15,11% 5a Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%) 16,86% 16,95% 17,16% 6a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) 17,97% 18,05% 18,26% 7a Total capital ratio (%) 17,55% 17,66% 17,71% Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA 17,55% 17,66% 17,71% 8 Capital conservation buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA 17,55% 17,66% 17,71% 8 Capital conservation buffer requirement (%) 0,00% 0,00%	1a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model ¹	69,650,413	66,682,594	64,994,509
3a Total capital 3a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital Risk-weighted assets (RWA) Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (%) 5a Fully loaded ECL accounting model CET1 (%) 5a Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%) 6 Total capital ratios as a percentage of RWA 7 Total capital ratio (%) 7 Total capital ratio (%) 7 Total capital ratio (%) 8 Capital conservation buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA 8 Capital conservation buffer requirement (2.5% from 2019) (%) 2 Countercyclical buffer requirement (%) 10 Bank D-SIB additional requirements (%) 2 Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + 4.00% 1.50%	2	Tier 1	80,809,912	77,634,089	76,592,628
3a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital Risk-weighted assets (amounts) 3	2a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1	78,779,065	75,811,247	74,123,161
Risk-weighted assets (amounts) 3 4 Total risk-weighted assets (RWA) Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA 14.96% 14.96% 15.11% 14.55% 14.55% 14.55% 14.55% 14.55% 14.55% 14.55% 14.55% 14.55% 14.55% 14.55% 16.61% 17.16% 16.44% 16.55% 16.61% 17.16% 16.44% 16.55% 16.61% 17.97% 18.05% 18.26% 18	3	Total capital	86,113,160	82,677,555	81,504,429
4 Total risk-weighted assets (RWA) Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (%) Fully loaded ECL accounting model CET1 (%) Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%) Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%) Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%) Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%) Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA Capital conservation buffer requirement (2.5% from 2019) (%) 2 Countercyclical buffer requirement (%) 2 Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + 4.00% 4.00% 4.00% 4.00% 1.50% 1.	3a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital	84,082,313	80,854,713	79,034,962
Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA 14.96% 14.96% 15.11% 14.53% 14.56% 14.56% 14.56% 14.56% 14.56% 14.56% 14.56% 14.56% 14.56% 16.86% 16.95% 17.16% 16.86% 16.95% 17.16% 16.86% 16.95% 17.16% 16.86% 16.95% 17.16% 16.86% 16.95% 17.16% 16.86% 16.95% 17.16% 16.86% 16.95% 17.16% 16.86% 16.95% 18.26% 17.97% 18.05% 18.26% 17.97% 18.05% 18.26% 17.55% 17.66% 17.71% 18.05% 18.26% 17.55% 17.66% 17.71% 18.05% 18.26% 17.55% 17.66% 17.71% 17.05% 17.06% 17.55% 17.66% 17.71% 17.05% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 17.06% 1.50% 1.		Risk-weighted assets (amounts) ³			
5 Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (%) 14.96% 14.96% 15.11% 5a Fully loaded ECL accounting model CET1 (%) 14.53% 14.56% 145.66% 6 Tier 1 ratio (%) 16.86% 16.95% 17.16% 6a Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%) 16.44% 16.55% 16.61% 7a Total capital ratio (%) 17.97% 18.05% 18.26% 7a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) 17.97% 18.05% 18.26% 7a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) 17.55% 17.66% 17.71% Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA 2.50% 1.50% 1.50% 1.50%	4		479,210,815	457,949,275	446,381,860
5a Fully loaded ECL accounting model CET1 (%) 14.53% 14.56% 14.56% 6 Tier 1 ratio (%) 16.86% 16.95% 17.16% 6a Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%) 16.44% 16.55% 16.61% 7 Total capital ratio (%) 17.97% 18.05% 18.26% 7a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) 17.55% 17.66% 17.71% Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA 2.50% 2.50% 2.50% 2.50% 9 Countercyclical buffer requirement (%) 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 10 Bank D-SIB additional requirements (%) (row 8 + 4.00% 1.50% 1.50% 1.50% 11 row 9+ row 10) CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + 4.00% 4.00% 4.00% 12 requirements (%) 7.47% 7.55% 7.76% 12 requirements (%) 7.47% 7.55% 7.46,832,311 14 Leverage Ratio 3 10.50% 10.38% 10.26%					
6 Tier 1 ratio (%) 16.86% 16.95% 17.16% 6a Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%) 16.44% 16.55% 16.61% 7 Total capital ratio (%) 17.97% 18.05% 18.26% 7a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) 17.55% 17.66% 17.71% Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA Capital conservation buffer requirements (%) 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 9 Countercyclical buffer requirement (%) 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 10 Bank D-SIB additional requirements (%)? 1.50%	5			14.96%	
6a Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%) 16.44% 16.55% 16.61% 7 Total capital ratio (%) 17.97% 18.05% 18.26% 7a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) 17.97% 18.05% 18.26% 8 Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) 17.55% 17.66% 17.71% Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA 17.55% 17.66% 17.71% 8 Capital conservation buffer requirement (%) 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 9 Countercyclical buffer requirements (%) 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 10 Bank D-SIB additional requirements (%)? 1.50% 1.50% 1.50% 1.50% 10 Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + 4.00% 4.00% 4.00% 4.00% 11 row 9+ row 10) CET1 available after meeting the bank's minimum capital 7.47% 7.55% 7.76% 12 requirements (%) Leverage ratio (%) 10.38% 10.26% 14 Leverage ratio measure 769,925,662 748,153,569 746,832,311 14 Leverage ratio (%) (row 2/row 13) 10.23% 10.38% <td>5a</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>14.56%</td> <td>14.56%</td>	5a			14.56%	14.56%
7 Total capital ratio (%) 17.97% 18.05% 18.26% 7a Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) 17.55% 17.66% 17.71% Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA Capital conservation buffer requirement (2.5% from 2019) (%) 2 2.50% 2.50% 2.50% 9 Countercyclical buffer requirements (%) 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 10 Bank D-SIB additional requirements (%) 2 1.50% 1.50% 1.50% 10 Bank D-SIB additional requirements (%) (row 8 + 4.00% 4.00% 4.00% 11 row 9+ row 10) CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + 4.00% 4.00% 4.00% 12 requirements (%) 7.55% 7.76% 12 requirements (%) 7.47% 7.55% 7.76% 12 requirements (%) 7.47% 7.55% 7.76% 12 requirements (%) 7.47% 7.55% 7.76% 14 Leverage ratio (%) (row 2/row 13) 10.50% 10.38% 10.26% 14 Fully lo	6		16.86%		17.16%
Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%) Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA	6a			16.55%	16.61%
Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA 8 Capital conservation buffer requirement (2.5% from 2019) (%) ² 2.50% 2.50% 2.50% 9 Countercyclical buffer requirement (%) 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 10 Bank D-SIB additional requirements (%) ² 1.50% 1.50% 1.50% 1.50% 1.50% Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + 4.00% 4.00% 4.00% 1.50% 1	7		17.97%	18.05%	18.26%
RWA Capital conservation buffer requirement (2.5% from 2019) (%) ² 2.50% 2.50% 2.50% 0.00% Countercyclical buffer requirement (%) 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Bank D-SIB additional requirements (%) ² 1.50% 1.50% 1.50% 1.50% 1.50% Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + 4.00% 4.00% 4.00% 4.00% 1.50% 1	7a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%)	17.55%	17.66%	17.71%
8 Capital conservation buffer requirement (2.5% from 2019) (%) ² 9 Countercyclical buffer requirement (%)		Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of			
9 Countercyclical buffer requirement (%) 0.00% 0.00% 1.50% 1.50% 1.50% Total of bank D-SIB additional requirements (%) (row 8 + 1.50% 1.50% 4.00% 4.00% 1.50					
10 Bank D-SIB additional requirements (%) 2 Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + 4.00% 4.00% 4.00% 11 row 9+ row 10) CET1 available after meeting the bank's minimum capital 7.47% 7.55% 7.76% 12 requirements (%) Leverage Ratio 3 13 Total leverage ratio measure 769,925,662 748,153,569 746,832,311 14 Leverage ratio (%) (row 2/row 13) 10.50% 10.38% 10.26% 14a Fully loaded ECL accounting model leverage ratio (%) (row 2A/row 13) 10.50% 10.38% 10.26% 14b Leverage ratio (%) (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves) Liquidity Coverage Ratio 3 15 Total HQLA 140,623,385 138,722,024 138,634,283 16 Total net cash outflow 86,232,295 85,784,704 83,347,234 17 LCR ratio (%) Net Stable Funding Ratio 3 18 Total available stable funding 471,290,197 470,122,758 463,127,079 19 Total required stable funding 387,224,893 388,411,483 381,872,177	8		2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + 4.00% 4.00% 4.00% 1.00%	9		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
11 row 9+ row 10) CET1 available after meeting the bank's minimum capital 12 requirements (%) Leverage Ratio ³ 13 Total leverage ratio measure 14 Leverage ratio (%) (row 2/row 13) 15 Fully loaded ECL accounting model leverage ratio (%) (row 2A/row 13) 16 Leverage ratio (%) (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves) Liquidity Coverage Ratio ³ 15 Total HQLA 16 Total net cash outflow 17.47% 17.55% 17.66% 17.47% 18 Total available stable funding 18 Total required stable funding 19 Total required stable funding 19 Total required stable funding 19 Total required stable funding 10.47% 10.47% 10.47% 10.47% 10.47% 10.48,153,569 10.38% 10.26% 10.38%	10		1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
CET1 available after meeting the bank's minimum capital requirements (%) Leverage Ratio ³ Total leverage ratio measure Total Pully loaded ECL accounting model leverage ratio (%) (row 2/row 13) 14b Leverage ratio (%) (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves) Liquidity Coverage Ratio ³ Total net cash outflow Total net cash outflow Net Stable Funding Ratio ³ Total required stable funding		Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 +	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%
12 requirements (%) Leverage Ratio ³ 13 Total leverage ratio measure 14 Leverage ratio (%) (row 2/row 13) 15 Fully loaded ECL accounting model leverage ratio (%) (row 2/row 13) 16 Leverage ratio (%) (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves) Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%) 15 Total HQLA 10 Total net cash outflow 10 Total net cash outflow 10 LCR ratio (%) Net Stable Funding Ratio (%) 10 Total required stable funding 11 Total required stable funding 12 Total required stable funding 13 Total required stable funding 14 Total required stable funding 15 Total required stable funding 16 Total required stable funding 17 Total required stable funding 18 Total required stable funding 18 Total required stable funding 19 Total required stable funding 10 Total required stable funding	11	,			
Leverage Ratio ³ 13 Total leverage ratio measure 14 Leverage ratio (%) (row 2/row 13) 15 Fully loaded ECL accounting model leverage ratio (%) (row 2A/row 13) 16 Leverage ratio (%) (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves) Liquidity Coverage Ratio ³ 15 Total HQLA 16 Total net cash outflow 17 LCR ratio (%) 18 Net Stable Funding Ratio ³ 18 Total available stable funding 18 Total required stable funding 19 Total required stable funding 10 Total required stable funding 11 Total required stable funding 12 Total required stable funding 13 Total required stable funding 14 Total required stable funding 15 Total required stable funding 16 Total required stable funding 17 Total required stable funding 18 Total required stable funding 19 Total required stable funding		·	7.47%	7.55%	7.76%
Total leverage ratio measure 14 Leverage ratio (%) (row 2/row 13) 15 Total HQLA Total HQLA Total HQLA Total HQLA Total HQLA Total required stable funding	12				
14 Leverage ratio (%) (row 2/row 13) 10.50% 10.38% 10.26% 14a Fully loaded ECL accounting model leverage ratio (%) (row 2A/row 13) 10.23% 10.13% 9.93% 14b Leverage ratio (%) (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves) 10.50% 10.38% 10.26% Liquidity Coverage Ratio 3 140,623,385 138,722,024 138,634,283 15 Total HQLA 140,623,385 138,722,024 138,634,283 16 Total net cash outflow 86,232,295 85,784,704 83,347,234 17 LCR ratio (%) 163.08% 161.71% 166.33% Net Stable Funding Ratio 3 471,290,197 470,122,758 463,127,079 19 Total required stable funding 387,224,893 388,411,483 381,872,177					
14a Fully loaded ECL accounting model leverage ratio (%) (row 2A/row 13) 10.13% 9.93% 14b Leverage ratio (%) (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves) 10.50% 10.38% 10.26% Liquidity Coverage Ratio 3 140,623,385 138,722,024 138,634,283 15 Total HQLA 86,232,295 85,784,704 83,347,234 17 LCR ratio (%) 163.08% 161.71% 166.33% Net Stable Funding Ratio 3 471,290,197 470,122,758 463,127,079 19 Total required stable funding 387,224,893 388,411,483 381,872,177	13		769,925,662	748,153,569	746,832,311
2A/row 13) 14b Leverage ratio (%) (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves) Liquidity Coverage Ratio ³ 15 Total HQLA 140,623,385 138,722,024 138,634,283 16 Total net cash outflow 86,232,295 85,784,704 83,347,234 17 LCR ratio (%) 163.08% 161.71% 166.33% Net Stable Funding Ratio ³ 18 Total available stable funding 471,290,197 470,122,758 463,127,079 19 Total required stable funding 387,224,893 388,411,483 381,872,177				10.38%	10.26%
14b Leverage ratio (%) (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves) 10.50% 10.38% 10.26% Liquidity Coverage Ratio ³ 140,623,385 138,722,024 138,634,283 15 Total HQLA 140,623,385 85,784,704 83,347,234 16 Total net cash outflow 86,232,295 85,784,704 83,347,234 17 LCR ratio (%) 163.08% 161.71% 166.33% Net Stable Funding Ratio ³ 471,290,197 470,122,758 463,127,079 19 Total required stable funding 387,224,893 388,411,483 381,872,177	14a		10.23%	10.13%	9.93%
applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves) Liquidity Coverage Ratio ³ 15 Total HQLA 16 Total net cash outflow 17 LCR ratio (%) Net Stable Funding Ratio ³ 18 Total available stable funding 19 Total required stable funding 10 Total required stable funding 11 Total required stable funding 12 Total required stable funding 13 Total required stable funding 14 Total required stable funding 15 Total required stable funding 16 Total required stable funding 17 Total required stable funding 18 Total required stable funding 19 Total required stable funding 10 Total required stable funding 10 Total required stable funding 11 Total required stable funding 12 Total required stable funding		,			
Liquidity Coverage Ratio 3 15 Total HQLA 140,623,385 138,722,024 138,634,283 16 Total net cash outflow 86,232,295 85,784,704 83,347,234 17 LCR ratio (%) 163.08% 161.71% 166.33% Net Stable Funding Ratio 3 18 Total available stable funding 471,290,197 470,122,758 463,127,079 19 Total required stable funding 387,224,893 388,411,483 381,872,177	14b		10.50%	10.38%	10.26%
15 Total HQLA 140,623,385 138,722,024 138,634,283 16 Total net cash outflow 86,232,295 85,784,704 83,347,234 17 LCR ratio (%) 163.08% 161.71% 166.33% Net Stable Funding Ratio ³ 18 Total available stable funding 471,290,197 470,122,758 463,127,079 19 Total required stable funding 387,224,893 388,411,483 381,872,177					
16 Total net cash outflow 86,232,295 85,784,704 83,347,234 17 LCR ratio (%) 163.08% 161.71% 166.33% Net Stable Funding Ratio ³ 18 Total available stable funding 471,290,197 470,122,758 463,127,079 19 Total required stable funding 387,224,893 388,411,483 381,872,177					
17 LCR ratio (%) 163.08% 161.71% 166.33% Net Stable Funding Ratio ³ 471,290,197 470,122,758 463,127,079 18 Total available stable funding 471,290,197 470,122,758 463,127,079 19 Total required stable funding 387,224,893 388,411,483 381,872,177	15	Total HQLA			
Net Stable Funding Ratio 3 18 Total available stable funding 471,290,197 470,122,758 463,127,079 19 Total required stable funding 387,224,893 388,411,483 381,872,177	16				
18 Total available stable funding 471,290,197 470,122,758 463,127,079 19 Total required stable funding 387,224,893 388,411,483 381,872,177	17		163.08%	161.71%	166.33%
19 Total required stable funding 387,224,893 388,411,483 381,872,177					
		<u> </u>			
20 NSFR ratio (%) 121.71% 121.04% 121.28%					
	20	NSFR ratio (%)	121.71%	121.04%	121.28%

¹"Fully Loaded" means bank's regulatory capital compared with a situation where the transitional arrangement had not been applied. CBUAE introduced transitional arrangements as per circular no. 04/2020 "Regulation Regarding Accounting Provisions and Capital Requirements - Transitional Arrangements".





EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC
BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES
30 JUNE 2022

Key metrics for the Group (KM1) (Continued)

Pursuant to the above regulation, CBUAE issued a regulation for a 'Prudential Filter' that permits Banks to add back increase in IFRS 9 provisions (stage 1 and stage 2) to the regulatory capital over a transition period of 5 years, on a proportionate basis. The increase in IFRS 9 provision requirements is determined by calculating the difference between the IFRS 9 provision as of 31 December 2019 and the IFRS 9 provision as at the respective reporting date. The proportion of the increase in IFRS 9 provisions that is permitted to be added-back to regulatory capital from 1 January 2020 onwards will be phased out over a 5-year transition period (100%, 100%, 75%, 50%, 25% for the years 2020 to 2024 respectively).

- ² As per the Targeted Economic Support Scheme (TESS) introduced by CBUAE during pandemic, banks in UAE are allowed to utilize 60% of CCB and 100% of D-SIB without supervisory consequences up to 30 June 2022.
- ³ Impacts of implementing IAS 29 Hyperinflation accounting in Financial Statements are excluded from regulatory ratios calculations.

CET1 capital increased by AED 3.2 billion from prior quarter. Pre-hyperinflation profit for the quarter of AED 4.5 billion is offset by adverse movement on fair value reserve of AED 0.8 billion and currency translation reserve of AED 0.6 billion.

Total Risk weighted assets (RWA) increased by 21 billion driven by Credit RWA from lending volumes and Credit Valuation Adjustment charge applicable from 30 June 2022.

Refer OV1 disclosure for further details on Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs)



BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Overview of Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs) (OV1)

The following table provides an overview of total RWAs forming the denominator of the risk-based capital requirements.

		30 June 2022 AED 000	31 March 2022 AED 000	31 December 2021 AED 000	Minimum capital requirements 30 June 2022 AED 000
1	Credit risk (excluding CCR and CVA)	403,608,391	390,814,566	380,513,816	58,523,217
2	Of which: standardised approach (SA)	403,608,391	390,814,566	380,513,816	58,523,217
3	Of which: foundation internal ratings-based (F-IRB) approach Of which: supervisory slotting approach		-	-	
5	Of which: advanced internal ratings-based (A-IRB) approach	-	-	-	-
6	Counterparty credit risk (CCR)	11,363,811	11,594,299	11,335,237	1,647,753
7	Of which: standardised approach for counterparty credit risk	11,363,811	11,594,299	11,335,237	1,647,753
8	Of which: Internal Model Method (IMM)	-	-	-	-
9	Of which: other CCR	-	-	-	-
10	Credit valuation adjustment (CVA)	8,286,936	-	-	1,201,606
11	Equity positions under the simple risk weight approach	-	-	-	-
	Equity investments in funds - look-through approach	-	-	-	-
	Equity investments in funds - mandate-based approach	-	-	-	-
	Equity investments in funds - fall-back approach	1,000,698	1,068,447	1,095,047	145,101
15	Settlement risk	-	-	-	-
16	Securitisation exposures in the banking book	-	-	-	-
	Of which: securitisation internal ratings-based approach (SEC-IRBA)	-	-	-	-
	Of which: securitisation external ratings-based approach (SEC-ERBA)	-	-	-	-
19	Of which: securitisation standardised approach (SEC-SA)	-	-	-	-
20	Market risk	12,458,523	11,979,507	10,945,304	1,806,486
21	Of which: standardised approach (SA)	12,458,523	11,979,507	10,945,304	1,806,486
22	Of which: internal models approach (IMA)	-	-	-	-
23	Operational risk	42,492,456	42,492,456	42,492,456	6,161,406
	Amounts below thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight) Floor adjustment	-		-	-
	·				
26	Total (1+6+10+11+12+13+14+15+16+20+23)	479,210,815	457,949,275	446,381,860	69,485,569



EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Overview of RWAs (OV1) (Continued)

The regulatory minimum capital requirement is calculated at 14.5% of the RWA including CBUAE assigned capital buffers.

Pursuant to the revised capital adequacy standards and guidelines rolled out by CBUAE in 2020 and applicable in phases, Standardized Approach on counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR) and Equity Investment in Fund (EIF) are implemented in 2021. CVA charge is effective as of 30 June 2022 as part of final phase.

Total credit risk weighted assets (excluding CCR and CVA) increased by AED 13 billon driven by increase in corporates and GRE loans.

Increase in Market risk weighted assets (MRWA) is attributed to increase in general interest risk; driven by increase in unmatched positions.



EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Capital Management

For details of capital management, refer to Pillar 3 disclosures for year ended 31 December 2021 available on the Bank's website.

Regulatory Capital

The Group's capital base is divided into three main categories, namely CET1, AT1 and Tier 2, depending on their characteristics.

- CET1 capital is the highest quality form of capital, comprising share capital, share premium, legal, statutory and other reserves, fair value reserve, retained earnings, non-controlling interest after deductions for goodwill and intangibles and other regulatory adjustments relating to items that are included in equity but are treated differently for capital adequacy purposes under CBUAE guidelines.
- AT1 capital comprises eligible non-common equity capital instruments.
- Tier 2 capital comprises qualifying subordinated debt, and undisclosed reserve.

Details of the Group's qualifying Equity and AT1 instruments are set out in Appendix A.



BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

<u>Composition of regulatory capital (CC1)</u>
This provides a breakup of the elements constituting the Group's capital.

		30 June 2022	31 December 2021	
		AED 000	AED 000	CC2 Reference
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves			
1	Directly issued qualifying common share (and equivalent for non-joint stock companies) capital plus related stock surplus	24,270,762	24,270,762	b
2	Retained earnings	58,889,649	52,399,381	f
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	(5,932,552)	(2,921,388)	
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase-out from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)	-	-	
5	Common share capital issued by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)	26,044	55,018	
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory deductions	77,253,903	73,803,773	
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital regulatory adjustments			
7	Prudent valuation adjustments	-	-	
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	(5,866,886)	(5,981,491)	а
9	Other intangibles including mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-	-	
10	Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability, excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	(209,786)	(194,056)	
11	Cash flow hedge reserve	550,204	(118,075)	
12	Securitisation gain on sale	-	-	
13	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	-	
14	Defined benefit pension fund net assets	(40.475)	(40.475)	
15	Investments in own shares (if not already subtracted from paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	(46,175)	(46,175)	
16 17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in CET1, AT1, Tier 2 Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities		-	
17	that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount			
	above 10% threshold)			
18	Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and	-	-	
	insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory			
19	consolidation (amount above 10% threshold) Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount	-	-	
20	above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) Amount exceeding 15% threshold		_	
21	Of which: significant investments in the common stock of financials		_	
22	Of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	-	_	
23	CBUAE specific regulatory adjustments	-	<u> </u>	
24	Total regulatory adjustments to Common Equity Tier 1	(5,572,643)	(6,339,797)	е
25	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	71,681,260	67,463,976	
26	Additional Tier 1 capital: instruments	0.429.653	0.129.652	
26	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus	9,128,652	9,128,652	С
27	Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards	9,128,652	9,128,652	



BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Composition of regulatory capital (CC1) (Continued)

		30 June 2022	31 December 2021	
		AED 000	AED 000	CC2 Reference
28	Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	-	-	
29	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase-out from additional Tier 1	-	-	
30	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in AT1)	-	-	
31 32	Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments	9,128,652	9,128,652	
33	Investments in own additional Tier 1 instruments	-	-	
34	Investments in capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-	-	
35	Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-	-	
36	CBUAE specific regulatory adjustments	-	-	
37	Total regulatory adjustments to additional Tier 1 capital	-	-	
38	Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1)	9,128,652	9,128,652	
39	Tier 1 capital (T1= CET1 + AT1)	80,809,912	76,592,628	
	Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions			
40	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock	-	-	
	surplus			
41	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase-out from Tier 2	-	-	
42	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in	-	-	
	rows 5 or 30) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties			
	(amount allowed in group Tier 2)			
43	Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out	-	-	
44	Provisions	5,303,248	4,911,801	
45	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments	5,303,248	4,911,801	
46	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments	-	-	
47	Investments in capital, financial and insurance entities that are	-	-	
	outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does			
	not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the			
	entity (amount above 10% threshold)			
48	Significant investments in the capital, financial and insurance	-	-	
	entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net			
	of eligible short positions)			
49	CBUAE specific regulatory adjustments		-	
50	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	-	-	
51	Tier 2 capital (T2)	5,303,248	4,911,801	
52	Total regulatory capital (TC = T1 + T2)	86,113,160	81,504,429	
53	Total risk-weighted assets	479,210,815	446,381,860	
- 4	Capital ratios and buffers	4.4.0007	45 4407	
54	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	14.96%	15.11%	
55	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	16.86%	17.16%	



BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Composition of regulatory capital (CC1) (Continued)

		30 June 2022	31 December 2021	CC2
		AED 000	AED 000	Reference
56	Total capital (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	17.97%	18.26%	
57	Institution specific buffer requirement (capital conservation buffer plus countercyclical buffer requirements plus higher loss absorbency requirement, expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets) ¹	4.00%	4.00%	
58	Of which: capital conservation buffer requirement ¹	2.50%	2.50%	
59	Of which: bank-specific countercyclical buffer requirement	0.00%	0.00%	
60	Of which: higher loss absorbency requirement (e.g., DSIB) ¹	1.50%	1.50%	
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets) available after meeting the bank's minimum capital requirement. The CBUAE Minimum Capital Requirement	7.47%	7.76%	
62	Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio	7.00%	7.00%	
63	Tier 1 minimum ratio	8.50%	8.50%	
64	Total capital minimum ratio	10.50%	10.50%	
65	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting) Non-significant investments in the capital and other TLAC liabilities of other financial entities	-	-	
66	Significant investments in common stock of financial entities	-	-	
67	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-	-	
68	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	-	
69	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	11,014,938	10,776,610	
70	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach	5,303,248	4,911,801	d
71	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)		-	
72	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	-	-	
	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only			
	applicable between 1 Jan 2018 and 1 Jan 2022)			
73	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase-out	-	-	
74	arrangements Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)		-	
75	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase-out arrangements	-	-	
76	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess after redemptions and maturities)	-	-	
77	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase-out arrangements	-	-	
78	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess after redemptions and maturities)	-	-	

¹ As per the Targeted Economic Support Scheme (TESS) introduced by CBUAE during pandemic, banks in UAE are allowed to utilize 60% of CCB and 100% of D-SIB without supervisory consequences up to 30 June 2022.



BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Composition of regulatory capital (CC1) (Continued)

Overall movement in capital is on account of AED 7.1 billion pre-hyperinflation profit year to date, adverse movement in currency translation reserve of AED 1.6 billion mainly due to depreciation of Turkish lira and adverse impact on other comprehensive Income of AED 0.7 billon.

Reconciliation of regulatory capital to balance sheet (CC2)

The following table enable users to identify the differences between the scope of accounting consolidation and the scope of regulatory consolidation, and to show the link between the bank's balance sheet in its published financial statements and the numbers that are used in the composition of capital disclosure template set out in Template CC1.

30 June 2022 AED 000	Balance sheet as in published financial statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation	Reference (CC1)
Assets			
Cash and deposits with central bank	62,956,708	62,956,708	
Due from banks	62,657,613	62,657,613	
Investment securities	110,466,419	110,466,419	
Loans & receivables	424,987,410	424,987,410	
Positive fair value of derivatives	13,794,666	13,794,666	
Customer acceptances	11,204,940	11,204,940	
Property & equipment	4,051,960	3,554,620	
Goodwill & intangibles	5,866,886	5,866,886	а
Other assets	14,653,009	14,126,054	
Total assets	710,639,611	709,615,316	
Liabilities			
Due to banks	45,804,240	45,804,240	
Customer deposits	467,877,069	467,877,069	
Debt issued and other borrowed funds	56,596,786	56,596,786	
Sukuk payable	3,672,500	3,672,500	
Negative fair value of derivatives	16,184,387	16,184,387	
Customer acceptances	11,204,940	11,204,940	
Other liabilities	23,865,441	23,928,030	
Total Liabilities	625,205,363	625,267,952	
Issued capital	6,316,598	6,316,598	b
Treasury shares	(46,175)	-	
Tier 1 capital notes	9,128,652	9,128,652	С
Share premium reserve	17,954,164	17,954,164	b
Legal and statutory reserve	3,158,299	3,158,299	
Other reserves	2,945,393	2,945,393	
Fair value reserve	(2,097,835)	(2,097,834)	
Currency translation reserve	(7,016,835)	(9,938,410)	
Retained earnings	54,975,042	58,889,649	f
Common equity tier 1 capital regulatory deductions	-	(5,572,643)	е
Non-controlling interest	116,945	26,044	
Provisions eligible for inclusion in tier 2	-	5,303,248	d
Total Capital	85,434,248	86,113,160	



EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC
BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES
30 JUNE 2022

Reconciliation of regulatory capital to balance sheet (CC2) (continued)

Variances between financial and regulatory consolidated balance sheets arise primarily from difference in basis of consolidation. Non-financial subsidiaries are not consolidated for regulatory purposes. Also impacts of implementing IAS 29 - Hyperinflation accounting are excluded from regulatory calculations of 30 June 2022.

31 December 2021 AED 000	Balance sheet as in published financial statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation	Reference (CC1)
Assets			
Cash and deposits with central bank	70,753,613	70,753,613	
Due from banks	45,343,248	45,343,248	
Investment securities	106,156,886	106,732,686	
Loans & receivables	422,272,390	422,272,390	
Positive fair value of derivatives	10,658,925	10,658,925	
Customer acceptances	11,343,522	11,343,522	
Property & equipment	3,747,621	3,747,621	
Goodwill & intangibles	5,981,491	5,981,491	а
Other assets	11,178,922	11,019,803	
Total assets	687,436,618	687,853,299	
Liabilities			
Due to banks	43,755,207	43,755,207	
Customer deposits	456,483,888	456,483,888	
Debt issued and other borrowed funds	63,387,228	63,387,228	
Sukuk payable	3,672,500	3,672,500	
Negative fair value of derivatives	9,186,321	9,186,321	
Customer acceptances	11,343,522	11,343,522	
Other liabilities	16,028,263	16,357,340	
Total Liabilities	603,856,929	604,186,006	
Issued capital	6,316,598	6,316,598	b
Treasury shares	(46,175)	0,310,390	D
Tier 1 capital notes	9,128,652	9,128,652	С
Share premium reserve	17,954,164	17,954,164	b
Legal and statutory reserve	3,158,299	3,158,299	D
Other reserves	2,945,393	2,945,393	
Fair value reserve	(725,815)	(725,815)	
Currency translation reserve	(8,299,265)	(8,299,265)	
Retained earnings	53,088,213	52,399,381	f
Common equity tier 1 capital regulatory deductions	-	(6,339,797)	e
Non-controlling interest	59,625	55,018	J
Provisions eligible for inclusion in tier 2	-	4,911,801	d
Total Capital	83,579,689	81,504,429	ŭ.







Geographical distribution of credit exposures used in the countercyclical capital buffer (CCyB1)

The following table provide an overview of the geographical distribution of private sector credit exposures relevant for the calculation of the countercyclical buffer

30 June 2022	а	b	С	d	е	f	g
		Exposure varisk-weighted in the compu countercycl	assets used tation of the lical capital			Bank- specific counter	
Geographical breakdown Norway Hongkong Luxemburg Others Sum ¹	Counter cyclical capital buffer rate 1.00% 1.00% 0.50% 0.00%	Exposure values AED 000 31,578 1,230,441 239,905 386,062,172 1,501,924	Risk- weighted assets AED 000 16,231 641,327 243,705 275,323,604 901,263	Minimum Capital Requirement AED 000 2,353 92,992 35,337 39,921,923	Share of Minimum Capital (%) 0.01% 0.23% 0.09% 99.67%	cyclical capital buffer rate (%) 0.01% 0.23% 0.04% 0.00%	1,489 108
Total ²		387,564,096	276,224,867				1,598
31 December 2021	<u>a</u>	b Exposure va risk-weighted in the compu countercycl buff	assets used tation of the ical capital fer	d Minimum	e Share of	f Bank- specific counter cyclical capital	g Counter cyclical
	Counter		RISK-				
Geographica I breakdown Norway Hongkong	Counter cyclical capital buffer rate 1.00% 1.00%	Exposure values AED 000 3,289 12,054	Risk- weighted assets AED 000 758 2,487	Capital Requirement AED 000 110 361	Minimum Capital (%) 0.00% 0.00%	buffer rate (%) 0.00% 0.00%	buffer amount AED 000 -
I breakdown	cyclical capital buffer rate 1.00%	values AED 000 3,289	weighted assets AED 000 758	Capital Requirement AED 000	Minimum Capital (%) 0.00%	buffer rate (%) 0.00%	buffer amount
I breakdown Norway Hongkong Luxemburg Others Sum ¹	cyclical capital buffer rate 1.00% 1.00% 0.50% 0.00%	values AED 000 3,289 12,054 95,605 377,057,537 110,948 377,168,485	weighted assets AED 000 758 2,487 1,066,368 273,401,197 1,069,613 274,470,810	Capital Requirement AED 000 110 361 154,623	Minimum Capital (%) 0.00% 0.00% 0.39% 99.61%	buffer rate (%) 0.00% 0.00% 0.19%	buffer amount AED 000 - - 2,072 -
I breakdown Norway Hongkong Luxemburg Others Sum¹ Total² Amount of Group s	cyclical capital buffer rate 1.00% 1.00% 0.50% 0.00% specific counter ghted assets on	values AED 000 3,289 12,054 95,605 377,057,537 110,948 377,168,485 cyclical capital Private Exposure	weighted assets AED 000 758 2,487 1,066,368 273,401,197 1,069,613 274,470,810 buffer es (AED 000)	Capital Requirement AED 000 110 361 154,623	Minimum Capital (%) 0.00% 0.00% 0.39% 99.61%	buffer rate (%) 0.00% 0.19% 0.00%	buffer amount AED 000 - - 2,072 - 2,072 31 December 2021

¹Sum of private sector credit exposures and related RWA in jurisdictions with a non-zero countercyclical buffer rate only.

²Total of private sector credit exposures and related RWA across all jurisdictions.



EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Leverage Ratio

Summary comparison of accounting assets versus leverage ratio exposure (LR1)

The following table reconciles the total assets in the published financial statements to the leverage ratio exposure measure.

		30 June 2022	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
		AED 000	AED 000	AED 000
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	710,639,611	694,035,320	687,436,618
2	Adjustments for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	152,129	(231,053)	(543,515)
3	Adjustment for securitised exposures that meet the operational requirements for the recognition of risk transference	-	-	-
4	Adjustments for temporary exemption of central bank reserves (if applicable)	-	-	-
5	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure	-	-	-
6 7	Adjustments for regular-way purchases and sales of financial assets subject to trade date accounting Adjustments for eligible cash pooling transactions		-	-
8	Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	5,010,691	8,132,416	7,801,732
_	•	5,010,091	, ,	
9	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	-	(8,407,470)	(4,624,954)
10	Adjustments for off-balance sheet items (i.e., conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off-balance sheet exposures)	72,793,217	70,735,808	74,281,499
11	Adjustments for prudent valuation adjustments and specific and general provisions which have reduced Tier 1 capital	-	-	-
12	Other adjustments ¹	(18,669,986)	(16,111,452)	(17,519,069)
13	Leverage ratio exposure measure	769,925,662	748,153,569	746,832,311

¹This includes Assets deducted from CET1 capital and customer acceptances (considered as off-balance sheet) and Impact of IAS 29 Hyperinflation accounting excluded.



BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Leverage Ratio (Continued)

Leverage ratio common disclosure template (LR2)

The table below provides a breakdown of the components of the leverage ratio denominator, as well as information on the actual leverage ratio, minimum requirements, and buffers as of period end.

		30 June 2022	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
	On halance about avecauses	AED 000	AED 000	AED 000
1	On-balance sheet exposures On-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and securities financing transactions (SFTs), but including collateral)	675,053,692	664,510,750	660,265,702
2	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework	-	-	-
3	Deductions of receivable assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions	-	-	-
4	Adjustment for securities received under securities financing transactions that are recognised as an asset	-	-	-
5	Specific and general provisions associated with on-balance sheet exposures that are deducted from Tier 1 capital	-	-	-
6	Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital	(6,076,672)	(6,106,474)	(6,175,547)
7	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (rows 1 to 6)	668,977,020	658,404,276	654,090,155
	Derivative exposures			
8	Replacement cost associated with <i>all</i> derivatives transactions (where applicable net of eligible cash variation margin and/or with bilateral netting)	3,720,352	3,266,956	4,183,473
9	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with <i>all</i> derivatives transactions	9,712,046	10,314,105	9,002,711
10	Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures	-	-	-
11	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives	-	-	-
12	Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives	-	-	-
13	Total derivative exposures (Calculated as rows 8 to 12)*1.4 Securities financing transactions	18,805,357	19,013,485	18,460,657
14	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	9,350,069	8,407,470	4,624,954
15	Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets	-	(8,407,470)	(4,624,954)
16	CCR exposure for SFT assets	-	-	_
	Agent transaction exposures	-	-	-
	Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of rows 14 to	9,350,069	-	
	17)			
	Other off-balance sheet exposures			
19	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	180,316,200	172,849,561	192,194,594
	Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts	(107,522,984)	(102,113,753)	(117,913,095)
21	Specific and general provisions associated with off-balance sheet exposures deducted in determining Tier 1 capital	-	-	-
22	Off-balance sheet items (sum of rows 19 to 21)	72,793,216	70,735,808	74,281,499
	Capital and total exposures			
	Tier 1 capital	80,809,912	77,634,089	76,592,628
24	Total exposures (sum of rows 7, 13, 18 and 22)	769,925,662	748,153,569	746,832,311

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EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC

BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Leverage Ratio (Continued)

Leverage ratio common disclosure template (LR2)

		30 June	31 March	31 December
		2022	2022	2021
		AED 000	AED 000	AED 000
	Leverage Ratio			
25	Leverage ratio (including the impact of any applicable temporary exemption	10.50%	10.38%	10.26%
	of central bank reserves)			
25	Leverage ratio (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary	10.50%	10.38%	10.26%
а	exemption of central bank reserves)			
26	CBUAE minimum leverage ratio requirement	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%
27	Applicable leverage buffers	7.00%	6.88%	6.76%

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EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC

BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Credit Risk

Please refer Note no. 46 in the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021, for criteria, approach, structure, and organization of credit risk management and reporting of risk exposures, risk mitigation and stress testing related to credit risk. For definition of default please refer Note 5(i) of annual financial statements.

Credit quality of assets - (CR1)

The table provides a comprehensive picture of the credit quality of the Group's (on- and off-balance sheet) assets.

30 June 2022 AED 000		а	b	СС	d	ее	f
		Gross carry	ing values of			ounting provisions on SA exposures	
		Defaulted exposures ³	Non-defaulted exposures	Allowances/ Impairments	Allocated in regulatory category of Specific	Allocated in regulatory category of General	Net values (a+b-c)
1	Loans	28,302,890	434,420,788	37,736,268	26,721,330	11,014,938	424,987,410
2	Debt securities ¹	- 106,819,792		46,023	-	46,023	106,773,769
	Total	28,302,890	541,240,580	37,782,291	26,721,330	11,060,961	531,761,179
3	Off-balance sheet exposures ²	2,484,378	1,105,509,711	575,463	-	575,463	

¹ Debt Securities Includes Only Banking Book Securities

² Includes Letter of credit, Guarantees, Liability on risk participations, Irrevocable loan commitments and notional amount of Derivatives

³ Defaulted exposures are net of Interest in suspense (IIS)



BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Credit quality of assets - CR1 (Continued)

31 De	cember 2021	а	b	c	d	е	f	
AED 000		Gross carryin	ng values of		Of which ECL provisions for c SA expo			
		Defaulted exposures ³	Non-defaulted exposures	Allowances/ Impairments	Allocated in regulatory category of Specific	Allocated in regulatory category of General	Net values (a+b-c)	
1	Loans	29,159,717	430,298,149	37,185,476	26,408,866	10,776,610	422,272,390	
2	Debt securities ¹	-	102,891,135	40,417	-	40,417	102,850,718	
	Total	29,159,717	533,189,284	37,225,893	26,408,866	10,817,027	525,123,108	
3	Off-balance sheet exposures ²	1,889,375	931,352,062	632,100	-	632,100		

Debt Securities Include Only Banking Book Securities
 Includes Letter of credit, Guarantees, Liability on risk participations, Irrevocable loan commitments and notional amount of Derivatives
 Defaulted exposures are net of Interest in suspense (IIS)



EMIRATES NBD BANK PJS BASEL III - PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Changes in stock of defaulted loans and debt securities - (CR2)

The following table identifies the changes in the bank's stock of defaulted exposures, the flows between non-defaulted and defaulted exposure categories and reductions in the stock of defaulted exposures due to write-offs.

		30 June 2022 AED 000	31 December 2021 AED 000
1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at the end of the previous reporting period	29,159,717	29,817,914
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	2,341,948	4,665,107
3	Returned to non-default status	(113,942)	(360,866)
4	Amounts written off	(621,593)	(1,246,876)
5	New financial assets, net of repayments and others	(2,463,240)	(3,715,562)
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities at the end of the reporting period	28,302,890	29,159,717





BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Credit risk mitigation techniques - overview (CR3)

The following table discloses the extent of use of credit risk mitigation techniques.

	a	b	С	d	ее	f	g
30 June 2022 AED 000	Exposures Unsecured: Carrying Amount	Exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by collateral of which: secured amount	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by financial guarantees, of which: secured amount	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Exposures secured by credit derivatives, of which: secured amount
1 Loans	371,306,465	49,106,487	18,379,112	4,574,458	1,068,671	_	_
2 Debt securities	106,773,769	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Total	478,080,234	49,106,487	18,379,112	4,574,458	1,068,671		
4 Of which defaulted	1,102,221	479,339	73,953				-
	a	b	С	d	<u>e</u>	f	g
31 December 2021 AED 000	Exposures unsecured: carrying amount	Exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by collateral of which: secured amount	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by financial guarantees, of which: secured amount	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Exposures secured by credit derivatives, of which: secured amount
	unsecured: carrying	secured by	secured by collateral of which: secured	secured by financial	secured by financial guarantees, of which: secured	secured by credit	secured by credit derivatives, of which: secured
AED 000	unsecured: carrying amount	secured by collateral	secured by collateral of which: secured amount	secured by financial guarantees	secured by financial guarantees, of which: secured amount	secured by credit	secured by credit derivatives, of which: secured
AED 000 1 Loans	unsecured: carrying amount 360,833,964	secured by collateral	secured by collateral of which: secured amount	secured by financial guarantees	secured by financial guarantees, of which: secured amount	secured by credit	secured by credit derivatives, of which: secured



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Credit risk exposure and Credit Risk Mitigation (CRM) effects (CR4)

The following table Illustrates the effect of CRM on capital requirements' calculations. RWA density provides a synthetic metric on riskiness of each portfolio.

30 June 2022	Exposure bef	ore CRM	Exposure po	st CRM	RWA and RWA Density		
Asset Class	On Balance Sheet AED 000	Off Balance Sheet AED 000	On Balance Sheet AED 000	Off Balance Sheet AED 000	RWA AED 000	RWA Density	
Sovereigns and their central banks	272,927,051	2,910,377	272,927,048	1,912,672	39,748,242	14%	
Public Sector Entities	59,541,878	16,481,572	58,854,572	5,161,112	57,565,331	90%	
Multilateral development banks	860,455	-	860,455	-	-	0%	
Banks	67,928,951	27,270,260	63,260,414	20,376,656	42,434,459	52%	
Securities firms	15,062	1,320	15,062	1,319	16,381	100%	
Corporates	125,463,644	92,622,784	102,253,631	52,359,536	148,351,836	98%	
Regulatory retail portfolios	72,212,579	48,191,525	69,735,990	2,725,755	54,740,688	76%	
Secured by residential property	22,369,582	405,487	22,369,582	159,855	9,016,296	40%	
Secured by commercial real estate	41,906,789	8,210,861	40,740,649	2,205,578	42,946,227	100%	
Equity Investment in Funds (EIF)	80,056	-	80,056	-	1,000,698	1250%	
Past-due loans	40,264,436	2,484,378	1,507,608	2,484,378	4,413,483	111%	
Higher-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other assets	25,315,529	-	25,315,529	-	15,739,259	62%	
Total	728,886,012	198,578,564	657,920,596	87,386,861	415,972,900	56%	

The above table excludes CVA risk weighted assets.



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Credit risk exposure and Credit Risk Mitigation (CRM) effects (CR4) (Continued)

31 December 2021	Exposure be	efore CRM	Exposure post C	CF and CRM	RWA and RWA Density	
	On Balance	Off Balance	On Balance	Off Balance		RWA
Asset Class	Sheet	Sheet	Sheet	Sheet	RWA	Density
	AED 000	AED 000	AED 000	AED 000	AED 000	
Sovereigns and their central banks	305,734,329	1,765,500	305,734,326	1,317,757	45,232,361	15%
Public Sector Entities	35,720,464	13,954,226	35,715,371	5,227,857	37,397,344	91%
Multilateral development banks	740,906	5,036	740,906	5,036	-	0%
Banks	51,351,600	24,917,640	50,212,347	16,906,397	35,843,585	53%
Securities firms	-	3,584	-	3,584	3,584	100%
Corporates	120,132,067	89,831,176	95,269,841	56,102,482	147,087,488	97%
Regulatory retail portfolios	69,575,620	43,928,743	65,916,307	2,459,664	53,119,090	78%
Secured by residential property	21,790,376	-	21,790,376	-	10,272,191	47%
Secured by commercial real estate	39,522,049	8,192,505	39,522,049	2,405,493	41,927,542	100%
Equity Investment in Funds (EIF)	87,604	-	87,604	-	1,095,047	1250%
Past-due loans	40,154,122	1,889,375	2,843,221	1,889,375	5,053,537	107%
Higher-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	23,046,051	-	23,046,051	-	15,912,331	69%
Total	707,855,188	184,487,785	640,878,399	86,317,645	392,944,100	54%



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Exposures by asset classes and risk weights - (CR5)

The following table presents the breakdown of credit risk exposures under the standardised approach by asset class and risk weight.

Exposures amount (post CCF and post-CRM)

30 June 2022

Regulatory portfolio	0%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Others	Total credit exposure
AED 000									
Sovereigns	228,572,725	7,553,772	-	951,471	-	37,761,752	-	-	274,839,720
Public Sector Entities	-	7,186,108	-	1,402,934	-	55,426,642	-	-	64,015,684
Multilateral development banks	860,455	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	860,455
Banks	848	30,965,785	-	32,854,678	-	19,813,926	-	1,833	83,637,070
Securities firms	-	-	-	-	-	16,381	-	-	16,381
Corporates	208,504	3,390,942	-	3,860,039	-	137,753,189	30	9,400,463	154,613,167
Regulatory retail portfolios	113,488	2,090	-	10,767	70,402,052	1,933,348		-	72,461,745
Secured by residential property	-	-	20,170,050	-	1,610,433	748,954		-	22,529,437
Secured by commercial real estate	-	-	-	-	-	42,946,227		-	42,946,227
Equity Investment in Funds	-		-	-	-			80,056	80,056
Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-	3,148,992	842,994	-	3,991,986
Higher-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Other assets	9,825,392	2,215,843	-	87,044	-	11,128,806	1,022,349	1,036,095	25,315,529
Total	239,581,412	51,314,540	20,170,050	39,166,933	72,012,485	310,678,217	1,865,373	10,518,447	745,307,457
	=======		======	======	======	=======		======	=======



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Exposures by asset classes and risk weights (CR5) (Continued)

December 2021

Regulatory portfolio	0%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Others	Total credit exposure
AED 000									
Sovereigns	254,146,983	8,949,332	-	1,026,552	-	42,929,215	-	-	307,052,082
Public Sector Entities (PSEs)	-	2,830,471	-	2,563,016	-	35,549,741	-	-	40,943,228
Multilateral development banks (MDBs)	745,942	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	745,942
Banks	669	23,824,381	-	23,881,730	-	18,815,505	209,735	386,724	67,118,744
Securities firms	-	-	-	-	-	3,584	-	-	3,584
Corporates	185,900	1,917,190	-	1,386,899	-	135,404,117	-	12,478,217	151,372,323
Regulatory retail portfolios	107,707	-	-	-	60,596,692	7,671,572		-	68,375,971
Secured by residential property	-	-	16,777,359	-	2,451,609	2,561,408	-	-	21,790,376
Secured by commercial real estate	-	-	-	-	-	41,927,542	-	-	41,927,542
Equity Investment in Funds (EIF)	-		-	-	-		-	87,604	87,604
Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-	4,090,714	641,882	-	4,732,596
Higher-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Other assets	8,658,143	194,297	-	291,036	-	11,947,781	1,106,812	847,982	23,046,051
Total	263,845,344	37,715,671	16,777,359	29,149,233	63,048,301	300,901,179	1,958,429	13,800,527	727,196,043
	========	=======	======	=======	=======	========	======	=====	=======

The growth in PSE at 100% RW is driven by increased lending volume.



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Analysis of counterparty credit risk (CCR) exposure (CCR1)

The following table provides details of counterparty credit risk regulatory requirements and the main parameters. CBUAE requires banks to calculate CCR using standardized approach

SA-CCR (for derivatives)

	30 June 2022 AED 000
1	SA-CCR (for derivatives)
2	Internal Model Method (for derivatives and SFTs)
3	Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for SFTs)
4	Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for SFTs)
5	VaR for SFTs
6	Total

	a Replacement	Potential future	С	d Alpha used for computing regulatory	<u>e</u>	f
	cost	exposure	EEPE	EAD*	EAD post-CRM	RWA
	3,720,352	9,712,046	NA	1.4	18,805,357	11,363,811
	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	-	-	-	-	-	-
r	-	-	-	-	-	-
	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	3,720,352	9,712,046			18,805,357	11,363,811



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Analysis of counterparty credit risk (CCR) exposure (CCR1) (continued)

		<u>a</u>	<u> </u>	С	d	<u>e</u>	f
	31 December 2021 AED 000	Replacement cost	Potential future exposure	EEPE	Alpha used for computing regulatory EAD*	EAD post- CRM	RWA
1	SA-CCR (for derivatives)	4,183,473	9,002,711	NA	1.4	18,460,657	11,335,237
2	Internal Model Method (for derivatives and SFTs)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for SFTs)	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for SFTs)	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	VaR for SFTs	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
6	Total	4,183,473	9,002,711	-		18,460,657	11,335,237



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Credit valuation adjustment (CVA) capital charge - (CCR2)

30	- II		2	2	n	2	ว
.717		ш			.,	•	•

- 1 All portfolios subject to the Standardised CVA capital charge
- 2 All portfolios subject to the Simple alternative CVA capital charge

a	b
EAD post-CRM	RWA
AED 000	AED 000
18,805,357	8,286,936
-	-



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

CCR exposures by regulatory portfolio and risk weights – (CCR3)

The following table presents information on the risk-weighting of CCR exposures under the standardised approach by regulatory portfolio.

30 June 2022 AED 000	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h
Risk weight Regulatory portfolio	0%	20%	50%	75%	100%	85%	Others 2%	Total credit exposure
Sovereigns	-	-	-	-	383,057		-	383,057
Public Sector Entities (PSEs)	-	224,076	467,498	-	77,715		-	769,289
Multilateral development banks (MDBs)	-	-	-	-	-			-
Banks	-	2,038,178	7,256,051	-	2,329,616		1,833	11,625,678
Securities firms	-	-	-	-	1,319			1,319
Corporates	-	1,974,991	297,479	-	3,570,353	1,905		5,844,728
Regulatory retail portfolios	-	-	-	156,618	24,668			181,286
Secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	-			-
Secured by commercial real estate	-	-	-	-	-			-
Equity Investment in Funds (EIF)	-	-	-	-	-			-
Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-			-
Higher-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-			-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-			-
Total	-	4,237,245	8,021,028	156,618	6,386,728	1,905	1,833	18,805,357



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

CCR exposures by regulatory portfolio and risk weights - (CCR3) (continued)

31 December 2021 AED 000	а	b	С	d	e	f	g	h
Risk weight Regulatory portfolio	0%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Others 2%	Total credit exposure
Sovereigns	-	-	-	-	1,098,033	-	-	1,098,033
Public Sector Entities (PSEs)	-	-	1,030,276	-	650,895	-	-	1,681,171
Multilateral development banks (MDBs)	5,036	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,036
Banks	-	2,575,853	5,508,260	-	2,046,950	34,324	386,724	10,552,111
Securities firms	-	-	-	-	3,584	=	-	3,584
Corporates	-	1,624,051	149,786	-	3,101,637	-	-	4,875,474
Regulatory retail portfolios	-	-	-	217,889	27,359	-	-	245,248
Secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secured by commercial real estate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity Investment in Funds (EIF)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Higher-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	5,036	4,199,904	6,688,322	217,889	6,928,458	34,324	386,724	18,460,657



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Composition of collateral for CCR exposure - (CCR5)

Below table provides the breakdown of types of collateral posted or received related to derivative transactions.

30 June 2022 AED 000	a C	b ollateral used in deriv	c ative transactions	d	e f Collateral used in SFTs			
	Fair value of collateral received		Fair value of p	osted collateral	Fair value of			
	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	collateral received	Fair value of posted collateral		
Cash - other currencies	1,812,255	278,426	78,313	948,637	-	-		
Government agency debt	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total	1,812,255	278,426	78,313	948,637				

	а	b	С	d	е	f	
31 December 2021 AED 000	C	ollateral used in deriv	Collateral used in SFTs				
	Fair value of collateral received		Fair value of p	osted collateral	Fair value of		
	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	collateral received	Fair value of posted collateral	
Cash - other currencies	399,619	380,746	74,629	313,387	-	-	
Government agency debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	399,619	380,746	74,629	313,387	-		





BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Credit derivative exposures - (CCR6)

The below table shows the credit derivative exposures that the Group holds.

	30 June 2022	30 June 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2021
	Protection bought	Protection sold	Protection bought	Protection sold
	AED 000	AED 000	AED 000	AED 000
Notional				
Single-name credit default swaps	73,450	36,725	36,725	-
Index credit default swaps	-	-	-	-
Total return swaps	1,634,495	1,634,495	1,219,554	1,219,554
Credit options	-	-	-	-
Other credit derivatives		-	-	
Total notional	1,707,945 ======	1,671,220 ======	1,256,279 ======	857,664 ======
Fair values				
Positive fair value (asset)	-	170,196	142,263	-
Negative fair value (liability)	180,805	-	-	137,749





Exposures to central counterparties - (CCR8)

		30 June 2022 EAD (post-	30 June 2022	31 December 2021 EAD (post-	31 December 2021
		CRM)	RWA	CRM)	RWA
		AED 000	AED 000	AED 000	AED 000
1	Exposures to QCCPs (total)	1,833	37	386,724	7,734
_	Exposures for trades at QCCPs (excluding				
2	initial margin and default fund contribution); of which:	1,833	37	386,724	7,734
3	(i) OTC derivatives	1,833	37	386,724	7,734
4	(ii) Exchange-traded derivatives	-	-	-	-
5	(iii) Securities financing transactions	-	-	-	-
6	(iv) Netting sets where cross-product netting has been approved	-	-	-	-
7	Segregated initial margin	-	-	-	-
8	Non-segregated initial margin	-	-	-	-
9	Pre-funded default fund contributions	-	-	-	-
10	Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-	-	-
11	Exposures to non-QCCPs (total	-	-	-	-
12	Exposures for trades at non-QCCPs (excluding initial margin and default fund contribution); of which:	-	-	-	-
13	(i) OTC derivatives	-	-	-	-
14	(ii) Exchange-traded derivatives	-	-	-	-
15	(iii) Securities financing transactions	-	-	-	-
16	(iv) Netting sets where cross-product netting has been approved	-	-	-	-
17	Segregated initial margin	-	-	-	-
18	Non-segregated initial margin	-	-	-	-
19	Pre-funded default fund contributions	-	-	-	-
20	Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-	-	-





Market risk under the Standardised approach - (MR1)

The following table provides the components of capital requirement under the Standardised Approach for market risk:

		30 June 2022 RWA	31 December 2021 RWA
		AED 000	AED 000
1	General Interest rate risk (General and Specific)	10,333,533	7,896,037
2	Equity risk (General and Specific)	-	-
3	Foreign exchange risk	1,581,817	2,052,365
4	Commodity risk	-	-
	Options		
5	Simplified approach	-	-
6	Delta-plus method	543,173	996,902
7	Scenario approach	-	-
8	Securitisation	-	-
9	Total	12,458,523	10,945,304

EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC
BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES
30 JUNE 2022



Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) (LIQ1)

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is a regulatory ratio introduced as a part of the Basel III reforms with an objective to promote short term resilience of the liquidity risk profile of Banks. The ratio requires the Banks to hold an adequate stock of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to meet the liquidity needs for a 30-calendar day liquidity stress scenario.

The Group measures and reports its LCR under the Central Bank of UAE liquidity regulations. The Group also meets the local prudential LCR requirements across the international footprint, where applicable. The LCR is calculated as a proportion of the stock of unencumbered HQLA against the Net Cash Outflow over a 30 day period after applying the standardized haircuts.

The HQLA comprises of cash or assets that can be converted into cash at little or no loss of value. The HQLA eligible securities fall into three categories viz. level 1, level 2A and level 2B. Level 1 assets are of the highest quality and deemed most liquid e.g., Central Bank reserves. Level 2A and 2B assets are reliable source of liquidity but not to the same extent as level I and are capped at a maximum of 40% by the regulations.

The Net Cash Outflow comprise of total expected cash outflow as reduced by total expected cash inflows for the 30-day period. The total expected cashflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories of liabilities, assets, and off-balance sheet commitments by prescribed rate at which they are expected to be run off or drawn down over the 30-day period.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) (LIQ1)

The LCR calculated based on CBUAE regulations is included in the following table. The LCR disclosure below is a simple average of the month end Group LCR observations over the last quarter.

	30 June 2022		
		Total unweighted value (average)	Total weighted value (average)
		AED 000	AED 000
1	Total HQLA	NA	140,623,385
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:		
3	Stable deposits	5,619,402	280,970
4	Less stable deposits	230,450,941	21,047,662
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	-	-
6	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks	40,411,342	10,102,835
7	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	123,943,751	57,344,908
8	Unsecured debt	-	-
9	Secured wholesale funding	-	5,825
10	Additional requirements, of which: Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral		
11	requirements	4,840,926	4,840,926
12	Outflows related to loss of funding of debt products		-
13	Credit and liquidity facilities	102,600,364	7,741,042
14	Other contractual funding obligations	9,755,547	9,755,547
15	Other contingent funding obligations	77,814,579	9,614,055
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		
17	Secured lending (e.g., reverse repo)	1,717,226	1,215,506

EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022



Total weighted value

Total unweighted

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) (LIQ1) (Continued)

		value (average)	(average)
		AED 000	AED 000
18	Inflows from fully performing exposures	39,289,543	31,540,531
19	Other cash inflows	1,745,438	1,745,438
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	42,752,207	34,501,475
			Total adjusted value
21	Total HQLA		140,623,385
22	Total net cash outflows		86,232,295
23	Liquidity coverage ratio (%)		163.08%

The Group maintained a LCR of 163.08% on an average during second quarter of the reporting year and 154.78% as of June 2022 reporting period, which is in excess of the regulatory minimum of 100%. The LCR is influenced by the amount, profile of the funding base and the deployment of funding into customer lending or HQLA investments. The deployment alternatives are assessed on an ongoing basis and adjusted as per the market opportunities, while maintaining a prudent LCR surplus.

The HQLA over the reporting period was 140.6 billion and 92% of this comprised of HQLA Level 1 assets, which represents balances held with Central Bank and other high quality sovereign securities. HQLA Level 2A and 2B assets comprised the remaining 8% of the total HQLA. The HQLA presented excludes excess liquidity held at subsidiaries that is deemed not transferable within the Group.

The retail deposits are prescribed a lower run-off factor and comprise 18% of the total cash outflow, whereas wholesale funding is prescribed a higher run-off and comprise 56% of the total cash outflows.

The Group manages liquidity at currency level and cross currency funding is utilized appropriately to manage the currency gaps. The Group measures LCR for major currencies and meets the local currency LCR as per the applicable local prudential requirements.

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) (LIQ2)

The Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is a regulatory ratio introduced as part of Basel III reforms with an objective to promote a sustainable funding structure at the Banks. The ratio requires the Banks to maintain a stable funding profile in relation to the composition of their assets and off-balance sheet activities.

The Group measures and reports its NSFR under the Central Bank of UAE liquidity regulations. The Group also meets the local prudential NSFR requirements across the international footprint, where applicable.

The NSFR is calculated as a proportion of Available Stable Funding (ASF) against the Required Stable Funding (RSF). The ASF is defined as the portion of Capital and Liabilities expected to be stable over the time horizon of one year considered by NSFR. The RSF is measured based on broad characteristic of the liquidity risk profile of the Assets and Off-balance sheet exposures. The regulations prescribe the factor to be applied to the outstanding value of Capital, Liabilities, Assets and Off-balance sheet items for NSFR computation.



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) (LIQ2) (Continued)

The NSFR computed based on CBUAE regulations is included in the following table. The NSFR disclosure below is a simple average of the month end Group NSFR observations over the last quarter.

30 .	June 2022	<u>a</u>	<u> </u>	С	d	е
AEI	0000					
		No maturity*	<6 months	6 months to <1 year	≥1 year	Weighted value
Ava	ilable stable funding (ASF) item					
1	Capital:	-	-	-	-	-
2	Regulatory capital	-	-	-	90,068,290	90,068,290
3	Other capital instruments	-	-	-	-	-
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers:	-	-	-	-	-
5	Stable deposits	-	5,105,832	27,496	1,157	4,877,819
6	Less stable deposits	-	201,102,873	7,083,790	3,523,007	190,891,004
7	Wholesale funding:	-	-	-	-	-
8	Operational deposits	-	40,411,342	-	<u>-</u>	20,205,671
9	Other wholesale funding	-	194,979,988	39,541,424	65,520,256	165,190,729
10	Liabilities with matching interdependent assets	-	-	-	-	-
11	Other liabilities:	-	-	-	-	-
12	NSFR derivative liabilities	-				-

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EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC



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118,355,032

76,930,771

С

BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) (LIQ2) (Continued)

With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the standardised approach for

credit risk

		Unweighted value by residual maturity				
		No maturity*	<6 months	6 months to <1 year	≥1 year	Weighted Value
13	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	-	47,669,417	113,369	-	56,684
14	Total ASF		-			471,290,197
Rec	uired stable funding (RSF) item					
15	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)		103,603,234	17,149,015	47,893,575	10,130,497
16	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	-	-		357,333	357,333
17	Performing loans and securities:	-	-	-	-	-
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA		-	-	-	-
19	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	43,213,250	9,710,581	7,218,479	18,555,757
20	Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	-	80,560,302	30,258,067	206,095,791	231,082,762
21	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the standardised approach for credit risk	-	-	-	205,191	133,374
22	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	-	-

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BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) (LIQ2) (Continued)

		Unweighted value by residual maturity				
		No maturity*	<6 months	6 months to <1 year	≥1 year	Weighted Value
24	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities	-	1,167,895	2,471,054	3,291,756	4,617,467
25	Assets with matching interdependent liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
26	Other assets:	-	-	-	-	-
27	Physical traded commodities, including gold	386,887				328,854
28	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs				-	-
29	NSFR derivative assets				14,728,429	4,375,628
30	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted				-	-
31	All other assets not included in the above categories	-	1,497,480	-	22,203,981	22,203,981
32	Off-balance sheet items	180,436,563	-	_	<u>-</u>	18,508,469
33	Total RSF					387,224,893
34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					121.71%

^{*} Items to be reported in the "No maturity" time bucket do not have stated maturity. These may include, but are not limited to items such as capital with perpetual maturity, non maturity deposit, short positions, open maturity positions, non HQLA equities and physical traded.

The Group maintained a NSFR of 121.71% on an average during second quarter of the reporting year and 120.70% as of June 2022 reporting period, which is in excess of the regulatory minimum of 100%. The Group maintains a diversified funding base comprising core retail and corporate customer deposits, institutional balances and capital market term funding. This is illustrated in the composition of Available Stable Funding (ASF) broadly consisting of Capital (19%), Retail deposits (42%) and Wholesale deposits (39%). The Required Stable Funding (RSF) largely comprised of the Loan and Advances (84%) whereas the securities held in HQLA assets are prescribed a lower RSF factor.



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Appendix A

Template CCA: Main features of regulatory capital instruments

Sr no	Particulars	Equity Shares	U.S.\$1,000,000,000 Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	U.S.\$750,000,000 Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	U.S.\$750,000,000 Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities
1	Issuer	Emirates NBD Bank PJSC	Emirates NBD Bank PJSC	Emirates NBD Bank PJSC	Emirates NBD Bank PJSC
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)		XS1964681610	XS2134363170	XS2342723900
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	CBUAE,SCA,CCL	English Law	English Law	English Law
	Regulatory treatment				
4	Transitional arrangement rules (i.e. grandfathering)	Common Equity Tier I	NA	NA	NA
5	Post-transitional arrangement rules (i.e. grandfathering)	Common Equity Tier I	Additional Tier I	Additional Tier I	Additional Tier I
6	Eligible at solo/group/group and solo	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group
7	Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Common Shares	Perpetual Debt Instruments	Perpetual Debt Instruments	Perpetual Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (AED in Billions, as of 30 June 2022)	6	3.66	2.72	2.75
9	Nominal amount of instrument	NA	U.S.\$1,000,000,000	U.S.\$750,000,000	U.S.\$750,000,000
9a	Issue price		100 percent	100 percent	100 percent
9b	Redemption price	NA	100% in case of an Optional Redemption or a Tax Event Redemption, and 101% in case of a Capital Event Redemption.	100% in case of an Optional Redemption or a Tax Event Redemption, and 101% in case of a Capital Event Redemption.	100% in case of an Optional Redemption or a Tax Event Redemption, and 101% in case of a Capital Event Redemption.
10	Accounting classification	Equity Attributable to Equity holders	Equity Attributable to Equity holders	Equity Attributable to Equity holders	Equity Attributable to Equity holders
11	Original date of issuance		20th March 2019	9th July 2020	27th May 2021



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Template CCA: Main features of regulatory capital instruments (Continued)

Sr no	Particulars	Equity Shares	U.S.\$1,000,000,000 Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	U.S.\$750,000,000 Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	U.S.\$750,000,000 Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual	Perpetual	Perpetual	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	No Maturity	NA	NA	NA
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	NO	Yes	Yes	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	NA	20th March 2025 / Tax Event or a Capital Event / at Par for Optional and Tax Event call, at 101% in case of a Capital Event.	9th April 2026 / Tax Event or a Capital Event / at Par for Optional and Tax Event call, at 101% in case of a Capital Event.	27th Feb 2027 / Tax Event or a Capital Event / at Par for Optional and Tax Event call, at 101% in case of a Capital Event.
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	NA	20th September 2025 and every 6 months thereafter	9th July 2026 and every 6 months thereafter	27th May 2027 and every 6 months thereafter
4-	Coupons / dividends	***	=: .	- : .	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	NA	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	NA	6.125%	6.125%	4.25%
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	NA	YES	YES	YES
20a	Fully discrectionary, partially discretionary or mandatory (in terms of timing)	Fully discretionary	Partially discretionary	Partially discretionary	Partially discretionary
20b	Fully discrectionary, partially discretionary or mandatory (in terms of amount)	Fully discretionary	Partially discretionary	Partially discretionary	Partially discretionary
21	Existence of step-up or other incentive to redeem	NO	NO	NO	NO
22	Non-cumulative or cumulative	Non- Cumulative	Non- Cumulative	Non- Cumulative	Non- Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	NA	Non- Convertible	Non- Convertible	Non- Convertible
24	Writedown feature	NA	YES	YES	YES



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Template CCA: Main features of regulatory capital instruments (Continued)

Sr no	Particulars	Equity Shares	U.S.\$1,000,000,000 Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	U.S.\$750,000,000 Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	U.S.\$750,000,000 Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities
25	If writedown, writedown trigger(s)	NA	Notice from the UAE Central Bank (as the Regulator) to the Issuer that the Issuer has, or will, become Non-Viable (as defined in the Conditions) without a write-down or a public injection of capital or equivalent support (i.e., Point of Non-Viability (PONV) trigger)	Notice from the UAE Central Bank (as the Regulator) to the Issuer that the Issuer has, or will, become Non-Viable (as defined in the Conditions) without a writedown or a public injection of capital or equivalent support (i.e., Point of Non-Viability (PONV) trigger)	Notice from the UAE Central Bank (as the Regulator) to the Issuer that the Issuer has, or will, become Non-Viable (as defined in the Conditions) without a write-down or a public injection of capital or equivalent support (i.e., Point of Non- Viability (PONV) trigger)
26	If writedown, full or partial	NA	Full/Partial (Both Options available)	Full/Partial (Both Options available)	Full/Partial (Both Options available)
27	If writedown, permanent or temporary	NA	Permanent	Permanent	Permanent
28	If temporary write-own, description of writeup mechanism	NA	NA	NA	NA
28a	Type of subordination	NA	Contractual	Contractual	Contractual





Template CCA: Main features of regulatory capital instruments (Continued)

Sr no	Particulars	Equity Shares	U.S.\$1,000,000,000 Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	U.S.\$750,000,000 Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	U.S.\$750,000,000 Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities
29	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument in the insolvency creditor hierarchy of the legal entity concerned).	Perpetual Debt Instruments	Prior to liquidation, Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities shall be subordinate to the Issuer's Tier 2 instruments. To the extent that any of the Solvency Conditions (as defined in the Conditions) are not satisfied at the relevant time or if a bankruptcy order in respect of the Issuer has been issued by a court in the United Arab Emirates, all claims of the holders of the Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities under the Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities will be extinguished and the Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities will be cancelled without any further payment to be made by the Issuer under the Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	Prior to liquidation, Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities shall be subordinate to the Issuer's Tier 2 instruments. To the extent that any of the Solvency Conditions (as defined in the Conditions) are not satisfied at the relevant time or if a bankruptcy order in respect of the Issuer has been issued by a court in the United Arab Emirates, all claims of the holders of the Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities under the Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities will be extinguished and the Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities will be cancelled without any further payment to be made by the Issuer under the Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities	Prior to liquidation, Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities shall be subordinate to the Issuer's Tier 2 instruments. To the extent that any of the Solvency Conditions (as defined in the Conditions) are not satisfied at the relevant time or if a bankruptcy order in respect of the Issuer has been issued by a court in the United Arab Emirates, all claims of the holders of the Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities under the Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities will be extinguished and the Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities will be cancelled without any further payment to be made by the Issuer under the Additional Tier 1 Capital Securities
30	Non-compliant transitioned features	NA	NO	NO	NO
31	If yes, specify non-compliant features	NA	NA	NA	NA



BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES 30 JUNE 2022

Acronyms

ALCO	Asset and Liability Committee	LGD	Loss Given Default
ALM	Asset and Liability Management	MDB	Multilateral Development Banks
ASF	Available stable funding	MR	Market Risk
AT1	Additional Tier 1	MTM	Mark-To-Market
BCBS	Basel Committee on Banking Supervision	NII	Net Interest Income
BIS	Bank for International Settlements	NSFR	Net Stable Funding Ratio
BRC	Board Risk Committee	OTC	Over the counter
CBUAE	Central Bank of UAE	PD	Probability of Default
CCF	Credit Conversion Factor	PFE	Potential Future Exposure
CCP	Central Counterparty	PiT	Point in Time
CCR	Counterparty Credit Risk	PM	Portfolio Management
ССуВ	Countercyclical capital buffer	PVA	Prudent Valuation Adjustment
CET1	Common Equity Tier 1	QCCP	Qualifying Central Counterparty
CRM	Credit Risk Mitigation	RSF	Required stable funding
CRO	Chief Risk Officer	RWAs	Risk-Weighted Assets
CVA	Credit Valuation Adjustment	SA	Standardised Approach
D-SIB	Domestic Systemically Important Bank	SFT	Securities Financing Transactions
DVA	Debit Valuation Adjustment	SME	Small and Medium - sized Enterprise
EAD	Exposure at default	SPE	Special Purpose Entity
ECAI	External Credit Assessment Institutions	T1	Tier 1 capital
ECL	Expected Credit loss	T2	Tier 2 capital
FSB	Financial Stability Board	TC	Total capital
GCC	Gulf Cooperative Council	TESS	Target Economic Support Scheme
GCRO	Group Chief Risk Officer	CEO	Chief Executive Officer
G-SIB	Global Systemically Important Bank	CFO	Chief Financial Officer
HQLA	High Quality Liquid Asset	TM	Treasury Markets
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standards	CHRO	Chief Human Resource Officer
ICAAP	Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process	SCA	Securities and Commodities Authority
IRR	Interest Rate Risk		
LCR	Liquidity Coverage Ratio		
ExCO	Executive Committee		
CCL	Commercial Companies Law		

EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC
BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES
30 JUNE 2022



Glossary

Capital conservation buffer

A capital buffer prescribed by BCBS and CBUAE under Basel III and designed to ensure banks build up capital buffers outside periods of stress which can be drawn down as losses are incurred. Should the bank's CET1 capital fall within the capital conservation buffer range, capital distributions will be constrained by the regulators.

Countercyclical capital buffer (CCyB)

The countercyclical capital buffer is part of a set of macroprudential instruments, designed to help counter pro-cyclicality in the financial system. CCyB as defined in the Basel III standard provides for an additional capital requirement of up to 2.5 per cent of risk-weighted assets.

Counterparty credit risk (CCR)

The risk that a counterparty defaults before satisfying its obligations under a derivative, a securities financing transaction (SFT) or a similar contract.

Credit Conversion Factor (CCF)

As prescribed by CBUAE, an estimate of the amount the Group expects a customer to have drawn further on a facility limit at the point of default.

Credit risk adjustment (CRA)

This includes impairment allowances or provisions balances, and changes in ECL.

Credit risk mitigation (CRM)

Credit risk mitigation is a process to mitigate potential credit losses from any given account, customer or portfolio by using a range of tools such as collateral, netting agreements, credit insurance, credit derivatives and guarantees.

Domestic systemically important banks (D-SIB)

Domestic systemically important banks are deemed systemically relevant for the domestic financial system in which they operate. The CBUAE and the BCBS have developed a framework for identifying and dealing with D-SIBs. The Central Bank of the UAE annually assesses national banks at their consolidated group level and foreign banks at their UAE branch level; to designate banks whose failure could escalate to systemic risk for the UAE banking sector and eventually impact the economy.

Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP)

A requirement under Pillar 2 of the Basel framework to undertake a comprehensive assessment of their risks and to determine the appropriate amounts of capital to be held against these risks.

Leverage ratio

A ratio introduced under Basel III/CRD that compares Tier 1 capital to total exposures, including certain exposures held off-balance sheet as adjusted by stipulated credit conversion factors. Intended to be a simple, non-risk based backstop measure.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)

The ratio of the stock of high quality liquid assets to expected net cash outflows over the following 30 days. High quality liquid assets should be unencumbered, liquid in markets during a time of stress and, ideally, be central bank eligible.

EMIRATES NBD BANK PJSC
BASEL III – PILLAR III DISCLOSURES
30 JUNE 2022



Glossary (Continued)

Net stable funding ratio (NSFR)

The ratio of available stable funding to required stable funding over a one-year time horizon, assuming a stressed scenario. It is a longer-term liquidity measure designed to restrain the amount of wholesale borrowing and encourage stable funding over a one-year time horizon.

RWA density

Risk-weighted assets as percentage of exposures post-CCF and post-CRM.

Securities Financing Transactions (SFT)

Securities Financing Transactions are secured (i.e. collateralised) transactions that involve the temporary exchange of cash against securities, or securities against other securities, e.g. stock lending or stock borrowing or the lending or borrowing of other financial instruments, a repurchase or reverse repurchase transaction, or a buy-sell back or sell-buy back transaction.

Standardised Approach (SA)

In relation to credit risk, a method for calculating credit risk capital requirements using External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAI) ratings and supervisory risk-weights. In relation to operational risk, a method of calculating the operational risk capital requirement by the application of a supervisory defined percentage charge to the gross income of eight specified business lines.